

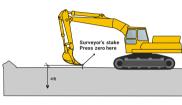
Excavator Grade Control System

## **Users Manual**





### Digging a 4 ft deep hole









Set the reference:

1. Place the tip of the bucket on the surveyor's stake

2. Press Zero on Bucket 3. Press Main Menu





Set alarm depth:
1. Press Set Depth

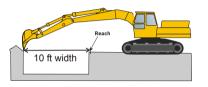




1. Press 4
 2. Press Enter then Measure

### Digging a 4 ft deep hole 10 ft wide

#### Understanding the display







From surveyor's stake the Reach is 10 ft.





From surveyor's stake the Reach is 3.50 ft and the bucket is at 4 ft depth, left to bottom 0.00 Alarm sounds if bucket goes below 4 ft.

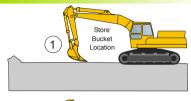
#### Understanding the display:

Choose what to see by pressing one of the 4 measuring windows: Depth, Slope, Left To Bottom, Bucket Angle, Reach, Distance, Depth From Laser or etc.





# Moving the excavator without losing the reference









- Place the tip of the bucket on the ground close to excavator
- 2. Press Main Menu
- 3. Press Store Bucket Location





- Press Store Bucket Location
- Move the excavator and place bucket tip on the same spot.

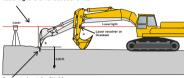




 Press Recall Bucket Location then Measure. Start digging.

### Digging a 6 ft basement with a laser

Laser light is 5.46 feet above hub



Surveyor's stake (Hub)

#### Laser light is 5.46 feet above hub



Surveyor's stake (Hub)



(1)

1. Press Main Menu



(2)

1. Press Laser as Ref 2. Press Set Depth



3)

1. Key in 11.46 (6 ft depth + 5.46 ft from laser light to the Hub)

Press Enter then Measure.
 Catch the laser.

Move the Ocalaser automatic receiver in to the laser beam and wait for long beep. Start digging.

# Moving the excavator when using the laser as reference

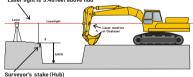
When excavator is moved, the tracks go to a lower or higher location and you need to rebench, do the rebenching just before reaching the bottom then you can fine grade the bottom





Move the Ocalaser automatic receiver into the laser beam until you see 3 green lights you see Rebenching appear on the screen.







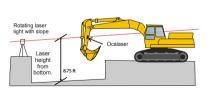


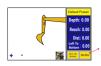
When the system finish rebenching, Rebenched appear on the screen.



# Digging a trench with slope using a rotating laser

Example: Rotating laser above manhole. Dig to 8.75 ft below laser beam with 2% slope, deepest near manhole.







Press Main Menu





- 1. Press Laser As Ref
- Press Caser As Rei
   Press Set Depth and key in 8.75 then Enter 3. Press Set Slop



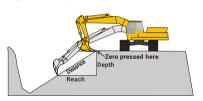


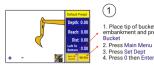
- 1 Key in 2
  - 2. Press Enter then Measure. Move the Ocalaser automatic receiver into the laser beam and wait for long beep. Start digging

## Digging perfect embankments

#### Example:

Dig a 50% Slope







1. Place tip of bucket on embankment and press Zero on Bucket

2. Press Main Menu 3. Press Set Dept



1. Press Set Slope





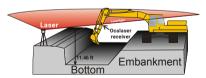
1. Key in -50

2. Press Enter then Measure Alarm sounds if bucket tip goes below embankment.

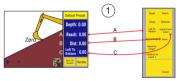
# Using both laser and bucket tip as reference

When digging a ditch embankment you can make sure the bottom is at the correct depth by using the laser as reference and simultaneously use the bucket tip as reference for the embankment

- 1. Set up the rotating laser and determine the depth of the ditch, as on page 7.
- 2. Set up embankment with proper slope, as on page 8.
- 3. Select Bucket as Ref.



- 4. Set up an easy-to-read screen:
  - A Press here and select Left To Bottom
  - B. Press here and select None
  - C. Press here and select Depth From Laser





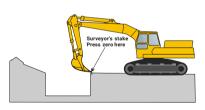
2

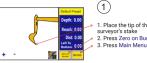
Monitor these to work on the embankment (as on page 8)

Monitor this to check the bottom as measured from laser (as on page 7)

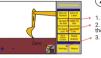
### Ditch profiler - Ditches, swimming pools, etc.

You can define a profile by using the bucket tip or entering coordinates of break points





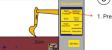
- 1. Place the tip of the bucket on the survevor's stake
- 2. Press Zero on Bucket



- Press Bucket As Ref
- 2. Press Set Depth and key in 0 then Enter
- 3. Press Settings

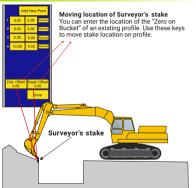






Press Ditch Profiles

### Ditch profiler - Ditches, swimming pools, etc.







You can choose pre-stored profiles Press Create New Profile With

2. Key in the Profile Name

3. Press Enter





I. Press Add Point, Move bucket down 2 Press Add Point Move the bucket forward 3 Press Add Point Move the bucket forward and up

4 Press Add Point

5. Press Finished

6. Press Measure. Start digging

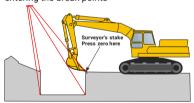
#### **Ditch Profiler**





- 1. Place the tip of the bucket on the surveyor's stake
- 2. Press Zero on Bucket 3. Press Main Menu

# Creating New Profile by entering the break points







- 1. Press Bucket As Ref 2. Press Set Depth and
- key in 0 then Enter
- 3. Press Settings

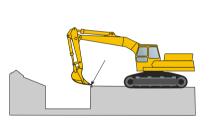




1. Press Ditch Profiles

#### Ditch Profiler

# Creating New Profile by entering the break points





Starting

Point 0.00



- 1. Press Create New Profile By Hand
- 2. Key in the Profile Name
- 3. Press Enter 4. Press Add New Point



- 1. Key in 0.00 in both windows 2. Press Add New Point then key in 0.00 and 5.00
- 3. Press Add New Point then key in 5.00 and 5.00
- 4. Press Add New Point then key in 10.00 and 0.00 5. Press Done then Press Main
- 5. Press Done then Press Main Menu To delete point Press Remove



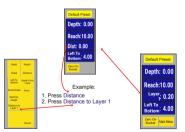
 Press Measure. Start digging. After moving excavator along the ditch, put the bucket tip on start point of ditch and press Zero On Bucket



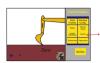
4. 10.00 0.00

### Layers (Backfill)

To fill material on bottom of trench to right thickness



Layers and bottom will flash when tip of bucket reaches them



Press Main Menu, then Settings
 Press Layers

**(1)** 

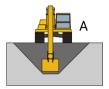


1. Press Layer 1 Thickness,

then key in the thickness 2. For more layers, do same for Layers 2,3,4

3. Press Done, Main Menu and Measure

### **Using Tilt sensor on Bucket**



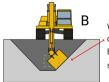
The depth is correct when bucket blade is horizontal



Bucket blade tilts to Left



Bucket blade



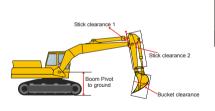
When you tilt the bucket, the depth shown is as in figure A. Bucket tilt angle in figure B. shown here



### **Height Alarm**

## . Press Main Menu, Settings, then Height Restriction

#### Avoid hitting power lines or ceilings





1. Press Height Alarm, then key in the height of the ceiling or power line from the ground (excavator tracks).

If height is set to 0 then the height See Installation Manual for height alarm calibration.

alarm is disabled

### Using Calculator





To use calculator, press either Set Depth or Set Slope.

### Example 1

Convert 5 feet 7 inches to feet and hundreds Press 7, /, 12, =

Result is 0.58 (7 inches are 0.58 feet) Press +, 5, = (Add 5 to 0.58 and get 5.58) So. 5ft. 7 inches is same as 5.58 feet.

#### Example 2

Convert a 1-to-6 slope into percentage.

Press 100, /, 6, = (Enter first number with two extra zeroes to get percent):

### Example 3:

Convert 51 inches to feet and hundreds: Press 51, /, 12, = Result is 4.25

Result is 16.67, so a 1 to 6 slope is same as 16.67%

So. 51 inches is 4.25 feet Example 4 Convert 12.34 feet to meters

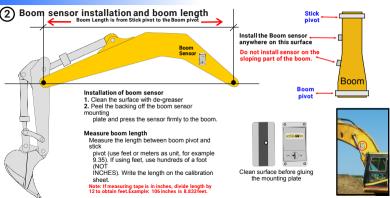
Press 12.34, x. 0.3048, =, Result is 3.76132. So 12 34 feet is the same as 3.76 meters



## **Start here**

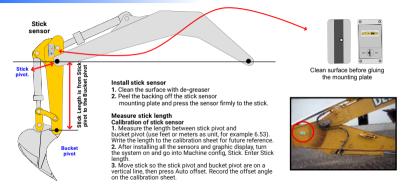
- Install the display: clean the window with a de-greaser. Make sure the display will not be in the way of sliding window. Peel of the backing from the mounting base and press the bracket firmly to the window.
- 2) Install the receiver box where it gets good reception from the sensors, for example on front window or right hand side window of cab. Clean the window with a de-greaser, peel off the backing from the Velcro and press receiver box firmly to the window.
- \*3) To install the optional body sensor: clean the surface with a degreaser, make sure the sensor is parallel to the boom sensor. Peel off the backing from the mounting plate and press sensor firmly to the surface.



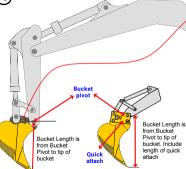




## Stick sensor installation and stick length



## 4) Bucket sensor installation and bucket length



#### Installation of bucket sensor

 Weld bucket guard to the bucket or to the guick release if there is one.

2. After the bucket guard has cooled down, screw the bucket sensor into the guard using the 3 mm Hex screw driver.

#### Calibration of bucket sensor

- Measure the length of the bucket. If a quick attach is installed, include it in the measure, i.e. measure from tip of bucket upto the lowermost pivot on the stick (i.e. the bucket pivot). Write the length to the calibration sheet for future reference.
- 2. After installing all the sensors and graphic display, turn the system on and go into Machine config, Bucket. Enter Bucket length.
- 3. Move bucket so the bucket pivot and bucket tip are on a vertical line, then press Auto offset. Record the offset angle on the calibration sheet.



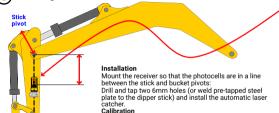


Weld the Bucket Guard to the side of the bucket close to the pivot, or on the quick release.



Bucket pivot

### 5) Installing the Automatic laser catcher



- Calibration

  1. Measure the length from the Stick pivot to the inside upper curve of the B in BULLSEYE, write the length on the calibration sheet to Laser Length.
- 2. Go to Machine Config, Laser, enter the length then go to Laser Offset, enter the stick offset for the Laser offset. (You can use the stick offset because the laser receiver is on the line between stick and bucket pivots)

### **Sensor Setup**

Enter serial numbers of the sensors into the graphic display







Press Main Menu then Settings 2
 Press Sensor Setup



T. After you have installed all the sensors, write the serial numbers of each sensor down on the calibration sheet 2. Turn on the sensors 3. Press Boom



Sample: 1. Press 20001 for the Boom sensor. Or: if you want to key in the serial number, press Serial Number and key in the number then Enter, Back

The computer can store any number of different excavators and attachments. Key in length of Boom, Stick, Bucket and adjust Sensor offsets





 Press Main Menu then Settings, Machine Config, Modify, Continue anyway

#### Boom



(5

- 5)
  T. Press Boom
  2. Press Length then key in the length of the boom from pivot to
- 3. Position the boom from pivot to pivot perfectly horizontal. Press
- Auto Offset
  Or. If you know the offset you press
  Offset and key in the offset number
  4. Press Left if the sensor is
- mounted on the left side 5. Press With of arm, key in the width
- 6. Press Use Secondary Boom

#### Stick



- Press Stick
   Press Length then key in the
- length of the stick from pivot to pivot 3. Position the stick from pivot to pivot perfectly vertical. Press Auto
- Offset.
  Or: If you know the offset you press
  Offset and key in the offset number
- 4. Press Left if the sensor is mounted on the left side
- Press Width of arm, key in the width

### Bucket / Breaker





Press Bucket

- Press Length then key in the length of the bucket from pivot to tooth tip 3. Position the bucket so that bucket pivot and bucket tip are plumb.
- Press Auto Offset Or: If you know the offset you press Offset and key in the offset
- number 4. Press Left if the sensor is mounted.
- on the left side 5 Press Use Bucket Tilt
- Press to change to Front load Bucket or Breaker

#### Optional: Bucket Tilt





- 1. Press Bucket Tilt Have 2 sides Vertical and bucket edge horizontal 2 Press Auto Offset Or if you know the offset you
- press Offset and key in the offset number 3. Press Left if the sensors on the
- side Tilt Bucket angle

#### Optional: 2nd Boom





- - pivot 3. Position the boom from pivot to pivot perfectly horizontal. Press Auto Offset or if you can't have the boom horizontal then position the boom vertical and L-add or R-retract 90° Or. If you know the offset you press Offset and key in the offset number 4. Press Left if the sensor is mounted on the left side
  - 5. Press Width of arm, key in the with

#### Optional: Body Sensor



excavator cap, called "2rd

Boom" on display



### Installation and Calibration of Body Sensor

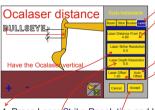
A body sensor compensates for distance D. It is needed only if distance D is more than a few inches and excavator works in uneven terrain. If tracks are horizontal and D is small, body sensor is not needed.

- Measure distance D (Boom pivot to the center pivot of the excavator) and write this number to 2nd Boom, Length on calibration sheet.
- Install the Body sensor (2nd Boom sensor) on the side of the excavator on surface that does not vibrate. Turn the sensor on, then go to Sensor Setup and dial in the sensor serial number to Body Sensor (2nd Boom).
- 3. Go to diagnostics and watch Body Sensor (2nd Boom). Write down the angle, then rotate the 180 degrees and write down the new angle. Take the average of these two angles by adding them and dividing by 2. Go to Machine Config 2nd Boom. Press Offset and key in the angle into 2nd Boom, Offset. Example:

First angle 83.91, second angle 95.21. Average is (83.91+95.21), 2= 88.06, so enter 88.06 into 2nd Boom, Offset, Offset. Dial in the length of 2nd Boom into Length then press left if the sensor is on the left side.

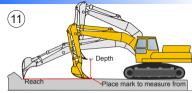
Note: The machine does not have to be level during this operation.

Mount the Ocalaser with photocell array pointing to the stick pivot. Move stick to get Ocalaser plumb

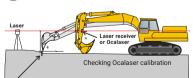


# Ocalaser 10

- , 1. Press Laser
- 2. Press Laser Distance From Pivot. Key in the length from the stick pivot to inside edge of the **B** in the Ocalaser BULLSEYE 图识几几条层外层
- 3. Press Auto Offset
- Or: If the Ocalaser lines up with stick and bucket pivots you can use the stick offset as laser offset. Press Offset and key in the stick offset number
- 4. Press Laser/Strike Resolution and key in 0.03 (0.01 for Metric)
  - 5. Press Laser Depth Resolution and key in 0.03 (0.01 for Metric)
    - 6. Press Accept then Main Menu, Measure







#### Surveyor's stake (Hub)

#### You have now calibrated the system

Horizontal, Reach Check: Place the tip of the bucket on the ground and press Zero On Bucket, then move the bucket forward 4ft then check with measuring tape. Display will show 4ft Reach

Vertical Depth Check: Place the tip of the bucket on the ground and press Zero On Bucket, then lift the bucket up 3ft then check with measuring tape. Display will show -3ft Depth.

#### Test laser receiver calibration

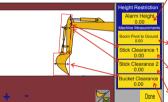
Press Main Menu, Laser as Ref, Measure. Move receiver into laser light (position A in figure) and wait until unit rebenches (2 to 4 seconds) Move tip of bucket to a hub (position B in figure) Use conventional laser rod and receiver to find depth of hub from laser. Reading should be same as on the display. Mote: The dipper stick does not have to be vertical during rebenching but for best results have dipper stick as vertical as nossible.

Note: To work properly, the basic calibration has to be correct. If the unit passes the depth and reach test and the laser receiver calibration fails, then go into calibration (Main menusciting). Anachine Configuration - Laser) and recheck "Laser distance from stick pivot" and "Laser offset". (Laser offset is usually the same as stick offset).

### Adjusting the settings for Height Alarm

It is essential to set the ExcaVision height alarm parameters for height alarm to work properly

. Press Main Menu, Settings, hen Height Restriction



picture below for definition)

Add 6 to 12" (15 to 30 cm) to: all measure to get early warning. Register the measurements for each excavator in the sheet below for later reference.

1. Press Height Alarm. then key in the height above tracks when alarm is to sound. Choose the default parameters for ExcaVision.

2. Press Boom Pivot to Ground, then key in the lenath 3. Press Stick Clearance

1. then key in the length 4. Press Stick Clearance

2. then key in the length

5. Press Bucket

Clearance, then key in the length, Done, Main Menu and Measure

### Excavator 1 Excavator 2 Excavator 3 Excavator 4 Excavator 5 Excavator 6 Excavator 7

Write name of excavator				
Boom Pivot to Ground				
Stick clearance 1				
Stick clearance 2				
Bucket clearance				



## **Alarm settings and Preferences**

Here you can choose Alarm, Display rounding, Units of Measure, Language, Zoom Mode, Dead Zone and Warning Layer





1. Press Main Menu then Settings



, 1. Press Preferences

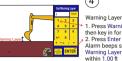


- 1 Alarm on and off
  - 2. Display Rounding
- 3. Feet or Meters
- 4. System Type: Wireless or wired sensors
- 5. Language
- 6. Zoom Mode: Manual, auto
- 8. Warning Layer

### **Alarm settings and Preferences**

Setting the warning layer and dead zone

Warning layer: When bucket is less then the warning layer from set bottom alarm beeps to warn operator the bottom is approaching





#### Warning Layer:

1. Press Warning Laver then key in for example 1 for 1ft.

Alarm beeps slow high pitch beep for Warning Layer when bucket tip is within 1.00 ft





#### Dead Zone:

1. Press Dead Zone then key in 0.02 2. Press Enter

Alarm beeps fast high pitch beep for Dead Zone when bucket tip is within 0.02 above bottom, when the bucket tip goes below bottom the beep has lower pitch and slower beep.



. 1. Press Main Menu then Measure



#### Tools

You can store the calibration to the SD card for safekeeping











Press Copy to SD card.
Not applicable

R Core State Research of the State S

 Key in the name of your machine and date, for example: Cat 320 with 24 inch bucket Oct 16-09

### Tools

### Restoring the calibration from SD card











→ Press Cat 320 with 24 inch bucket → Oct 16-09 then press OK and Back then Main Menu and Measure

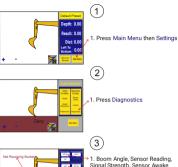


#### Simulator

Press any button to move arms.

### **Diagnostics**

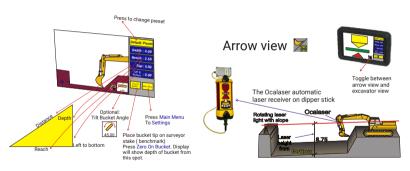
You can see if the sensors are working properly





- 1. Boom Angle, Sensor Reading, Signal Strength. Sensor Awake
- 2. Stick Angle, Sensor Reading. Signal Strength. Sensor Awake 3. Bucket Angle, Sensor Reading.
- Signal Strength. Sensor No Signal 4. Laser Not Receiving
- 5. Not Receiving Bucket Sensor 6 Press Main Menu then Measure
  - to go back

# **ExcaVision Key Functions**





# For more information please visit www.excavision.com

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